Wednesday, 26 July 2017

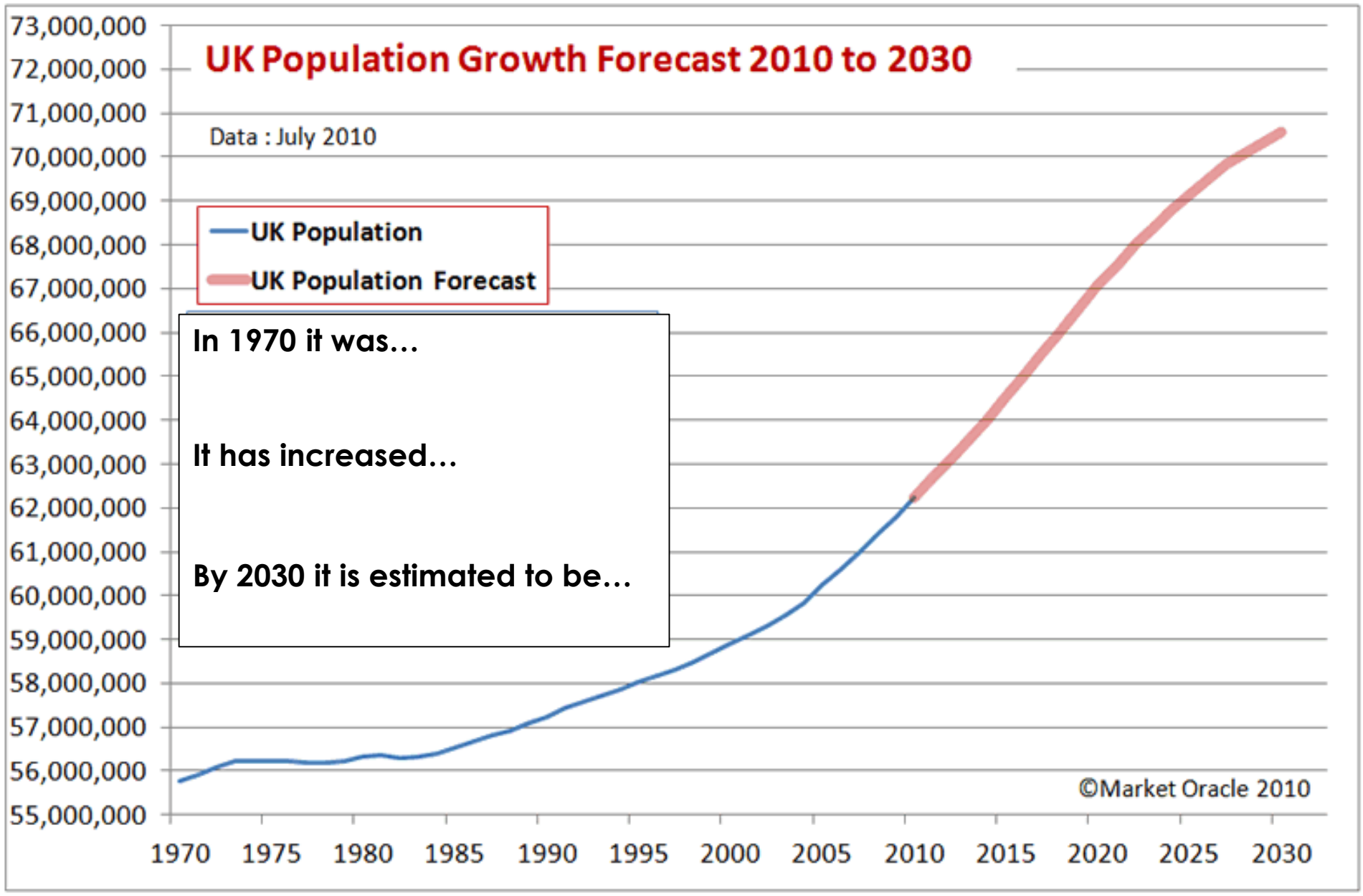
Urban Change in the UK

Learning Objective:

- **Analyse** where people live in the UK

Learning Outcomes:

- **Describe** the population distribution of the UK
- **Analyse** reasons for the UK population distribution
- **Predict** how the UK population distribution will change


UK Population Growth Forecast 2010 to 2030
Data : July 2010
UK Population
UK Population Forecast
In 1970 it was…
It has increased…
By 2030 it is estimated to be…
©Market Oracle 2010
73,000,000
72,000,000
71,000,000
70,000,000
69,000,000
68,000,000
67,000,000
66,000,000
65,000,000
64,000,000
63,000,000
62,000,000
61,000,000
60,000,000
59,000,000
58,000,000
57,000,000
56,000,000
55,000,000
1970
1975
1980
1985
1990
1995
2000
2005
2010
2015
2020
2025
2030

Population density

One person in the square

Five people in the square

Fifteen people in the square

We can show population density on a map by shading areas from light to dark depending on how many people live in an area.

1-4 people

5-9 people

10+ people

Scotland

London

Yorkshire

Birmingham

Washington

China

Damascus - Syria

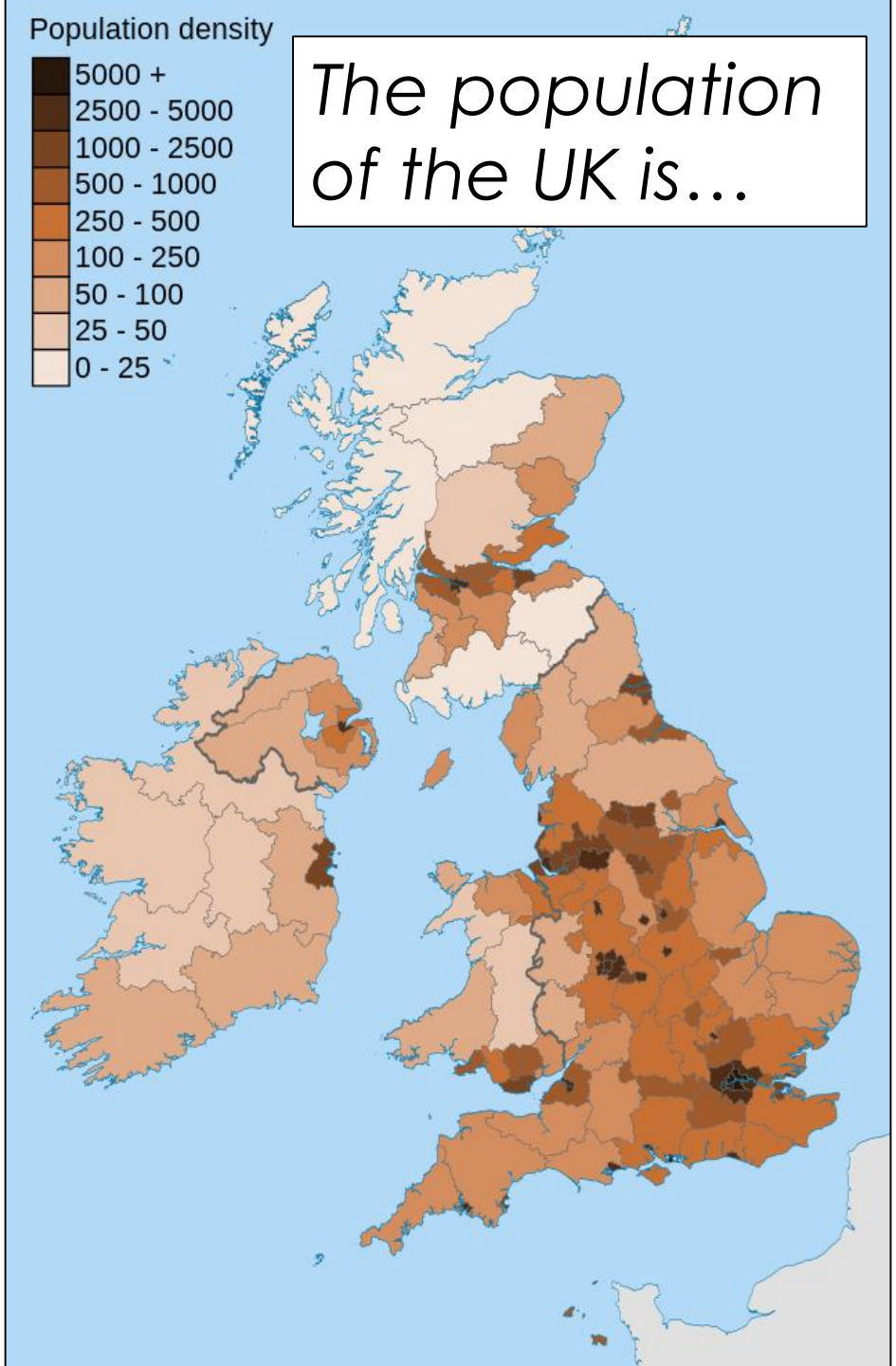
Aberdeen
Glasgow
Edinburgh
Newcastle
Belfast
Derry
Blackpool
Leeds
York
Hull
Manchester
Liverpool
Sheffield
Nottingham
Derby
Cambridge
Norwich
Birmingham
Swansea
Oxford
London
Cardiff
Bristol
Chatham
Exeter
Southampton
Brighton

Uneven population distribution?

82 % live in urban areas.

1 in 4 people live in the SE of the UK.

The population of the UK is…



Highland areas of **Scotland** and **Wales** are sparsely populated.

These areas are upland and have a harsher climate.

The distribution of the UK's major cities links to its industrial past – where would you locate the cities?

Explain how the **distribution** of population in the UK reflects both **physical** and **human** geographical factors. (6 marks)

Think about:

- ***Why some parts of the UK are not attractive places to live in.***
- ***Why major cities are so densely populated – those inland (Birmingham) and those on the coast (Liverpool).***
- ***Migration patterns of the last 20 years.***

Why would people choose to drift towards the SE?

How might the UK population distribution ***change*** in the future?

Where will they settle and why?

Only major UK city where the population has ***fallen*** – why?

Where might these groups of people choose to relocate and why?

Why live in the NE?
Bedlington
Blyth
NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE
Newcastle upon Tyne
NORTH TYNESIDE
Tynemouth
SOUTH TYNESIDE
South Shields
Corbridge
Hexham
R Tyne
Gateshead
SUNDERLAND
Sunderland
Washington
Chester-le-Street
Seaham
Durham
Peterlee
Wearhead
R Wear
Crook
DURHAM
Bishop Auckland
Hartlepool
Stockton-on-Tees
Newton Aycliffe
Barnard Castle
Darlington
A1
A189
A19
A69
A695
A691
A690
A182
A181
A1086
A1(M)
A167
A177
A689
A68
A6079
A688
A67
A66